

# Flat Dome Light

Infrared, 200 × 200 mm

## LFDI201

Part Number



- Easy and flexible installation
- High homogeneity
- High performance: high intensity even in continuous mode
- No external control required

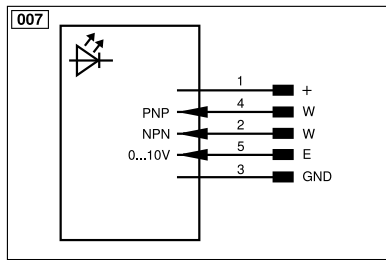
The LFD series flat dome lights are high-diffuse lights with a camera connection. Due to their intense luminous flux and high homogeneity, they are perfectly suited for large-area applications such as robot-assisted pick-and-place. They can be used in continuous mode or synchronized with the machine vision camera in strobe mode via PNP or NPN inputs. The light is characterized by its narrow edges (4 mm) and easy mounting thanks to the T-slot fastener and the anchor point around the housing. Cameras can be connected easily on the rear of the light.

### Technical Data

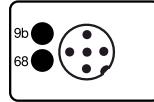
Optical Data	
Light Source	Infrared Light
Wavelength	850 nm
Risk Group (EN 62471)	1
Infrared light output	119 W/m <sup>2</sup>
Electrical Data	
Supply Voltage	21,6...26,4 V DC
Power	27,6 W
Current Consumption Continuous Mode (U <sub>b</sub> = 24 V)	1,15 A
Rise time	15 µs
Fall time	10 µs
Input signal	PNP/NPN
Temperature Range	-10...40 °C
Storage temperature	-20...60 °C
Short Circuit Protection	yes
Reverse Polarity Protection	yes
Overload Protection	yes
Protection Class	III
Dimming	0...10 V ± 100...30%
Overdrive	no
Mechanical Data	
Luminous Field Length (L)	200 mm
Luminous Field Width (W)	200 mm
Luminous Field	200 × 200 mm
Housing Material	Aluminum, anodised
Housing Material	Plastic, ABS/GF
Degree of Protection	IP40
Optic Cover	Plastic, PMMA
Connection	M12 × 1; 5-pin
Max. cable length	10 m
Camera aperture inner diameter	65 mm
Function	
Operating modes	Continuous, Strobe
Connection Diagram No.	007
Control Panel No.	T16
Suitable Mounting Technology No.	926

### Complementary Products


ZC4G003 connection cable
ZDCG004 connection cable
ZDCG005 connection cable



## T16



68 = supply voltage indicator  
9b = Strobe Mode Indicator

Legend					
+	Supply Voltage +	nc	Not connected	EN <sub>BRG422</sub>	Encoder B/B̄ (TTL)
-	Supply Voltage 0 V	U	Test Input	EN <sub>A</sub>	Encoder A
~	Supply Voltage (AC Voltage)	Ü	Test Input inverted	EN <sub>B</sub>	Encoder B
A	Switching Output (NO)	W	Trigger Input	AM <sub>IN</sub>	Digital output MIN
Ä	Switching Output (NC)	W-	Ground for the Trigger Input	AM <sub>AX</sub>	Digital output MAX
V	Contamination/Error Output (NO)	O	Analog Output	AOK	Digital output OK
Ů	Contamination/Error Output (NC)	O-	Ground for the Analog Output	SY In	Synchronization In
E	Input (analog or digital)	BZ	Block Discharge	SY OUT	Synchronization OUT
T	Teach Input	AM <sub>v</sub>	Valve Output	OLT	Brightness output
Z	Time Delay (activation)	a	Valve Control Output +	M	Maintenance
S	Shielding	b	Valve Control Output 0 V	rsv	Reserved
RxD	Interface Receive Path	SY	Synchronization	Wire Colors according to DIN IEC 60757	
TxD	Interface Send Path	SY-	Ground for the Synchronization		
RDY	Ready	E+	Receiver-Line	BK	Black
GND	Ground	S+	Emitter-Line	BN	Brown
CL	Clock	±	Grounding	RD	Red
E/A	Output/Input programmable	SnR	Switching Distance Reduction	OG	Orange
	IO-Link	Rx+/-	Ethernet Receive Path	YE	Yellow
PoE	Power over Ethernet	Tx+/-	Ethernet Send Path	GN	Green
IN	Safety Input	Bus	Interfaces-Bus A(+)/B(-)	BU	Blue
OSSD	Safety Output	La	Emitted Light disengageable	VT	Violet
Signal	Signal Output	Mag	Magnet activation	GY	Grey
BI_D+/-	Ethernet Gigabit bidirect. data line (A-D)	RES	Input confirmation	WH	White
EN <sub>0 RS422</sub>	Encoder 0-pulse 0/Ü (TTL)	EDM	Contact or Monitoring	PK	Pink
PT	Platinum measuring resistor	EN <sub>ARs422</sub>	Encoder A/Ä (TTL)	GN <sub>YE</sub>	Green/Yellow